

Question 1 (18 marks)

You suspect an elderly woman you are reviewing is a victim of elder abuse.

a) Outline the two (2) essential elements of elder abuse. (2 marks)

1.

2.

b) Outline four (4) types of elder abuse with an example for each. (4 marks)

1.

2.

3.

4.

- c) List five (5) factors that can make an elderly person vulnerable to potential abuse.
(5 marks)

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

- d) List four (4) characteristics of carers that predispose them to commit elder abuse.
(4 marks)

1.

2.

3.

4.

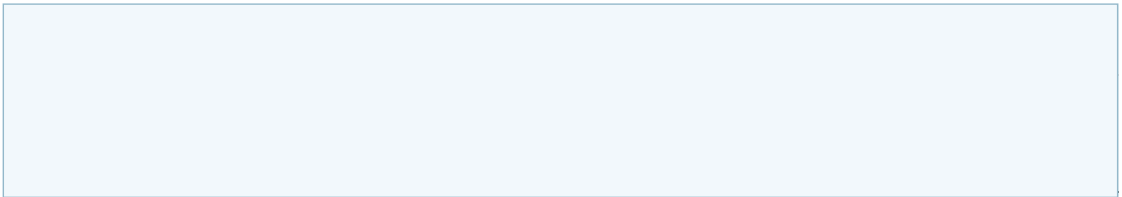
Despite discussion of your concerns for elder abuse, your patient refuses admission and social work intervention.

- e) Outline three (3) essential elements your patient must demonstrate to ensure that they are competent to make this decision. (3 marks)

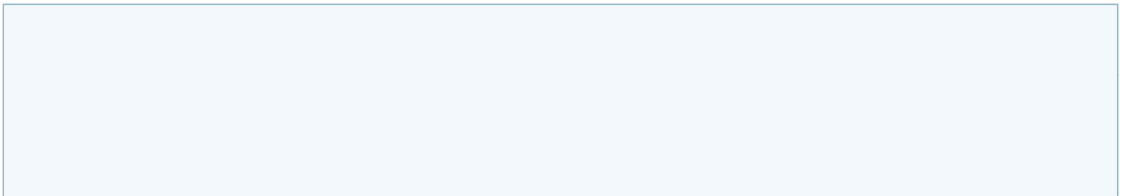
1.



2.



3.



Question 2 (12 marks)

A 92 year old female has fallen in her residential aged care facility and has pain in her left hip.

Her medical history includes hypertension and cognitive impairment. The vital signs are normal and her estimated weight is 35 kg. An X-ray left hip confirms a fracture of the left neck of femur.

A fascia iliaca regional anaesthetic block to manage her pain is planned.

- a) List three (3) potential acute complications of this procedure. (3 marks)

1.

2.

3.

- b) Complete the table below regarding the anaesthetic agent you chose for this block.
(3 marks)

Drug name (1 mark)	
Total dose to be delivered in mg (1 mark)	
Final volume to be delivered in ml (1 mark)	

- c) In addition to analgesia, list six (6) interventions which can be initiated in the emergency department to reduce the likelihood of this patient developing a delirium. (6 marks)

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

Question 3 (12 marks)

An 84 year old independently living male was treated for a pre-tibial wound sustained when he fell 3 days ago. The wound was sutured at that presentation.

He has returned for concern about the appearance of his leg.

a) List four (4) patient factors that affect healing in elderly patients. (4 marks)

1.

2.

3.

4.

b) List four (4) wound factors or characteristics that can affect healing. (4 marks)

1.

2.

3.

4.

c) List four (4) situations where delayed primary closure is preferred. (4 marks)

1.

2.

3.

4.

Question 4 (12 marks)

A 65 year old male arrives intubated, ventilated and sedated after collapsing at home. A subsequent non-contrast CT brain has demonstrated a non-survivable intracranial haemorrhage.

The patient did not have an Advance Care Directive/Plan.

- a) List two (2) benefits of a well-documented Advance Care Directive/Plan. (2 marks)

1.

2.

- b) List six (6) non-pharmacological supportive measures to ensure excellent end-of-life care. (6 marks)

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

c) List four (4) criteria that identify a patient as a potential organ donor. (4 marks)

1.

2.

3.

4.